

**REMARKS**

In the Office Action mailed November 15, 2005, the Examiner objected to the Abstract, objected to the specification, and rejected claims 1-39 under 35 U.S.C. § 101 as claiming the same invention as claims 1-39 of U.S. Patent No. 6,430,569.

Based on the following arguments, Applicants respectfully traverse the Examiner's objections and rejections.

**I. The Abstract**

The Examiner asserts the phrase "later—such as" is a typographical error. This phrase, in its entirety, reads "At some point later—such as at the earliest time that the type is loaded by both loaders—the constraint is verified." This sentence, in its current form, is proper and is not grammatically incorrect, as asserted by the Examiner. Accordingly, Applicants submit the Abstract is proper as originally filed and respectfully request that the Examiner withdraw the objection.

**II. Applicants Filed a Preliminary Amendment on February 7, 2002**

The Examiner asserts the specification is improper because there is no cross-reference to a related application on page 1. (OA at 3.) The Examiner also rejects claims 1-39 for double patenting in view of claims 1-39 of U.S. Patent No. 6,430,569.

It appears from the Office Action that the Examiner did not consider the amendments submitted by Applicants in the transmittal letter and preliminary

amendment filed February 7, 2002 for this application. Applicants attach a copy of these documents and the stamped postcard showing receipt by the U.S.

Patent and Trademark Office of these documents on February 7, 2002.

In the transmittal letter, Applicants canceled claims 2-39 and amended the specification to include a reference to application Serial No. 09/134,477 filed August 14, 1998. (Transmittal Letter at ¶¶ 4 and 9.) Further, in the preliminary amendment, Applicants canceled claim 1 and submitted new claims 40-95. (Preliminary Amendment.)

Accordingly, Applicants submit that the objection to the specification and the rejection of canceled claims 1-39 are improper and should be withdrawn. Further, Applicants request the Examiner consider and examine new claims 40-95 as presented in the preliminary amendment filed February 7, 2002. If the Examiner issues another Office Action, such Action should be non-final as the Examiner did not address the proper claims pending in this application.

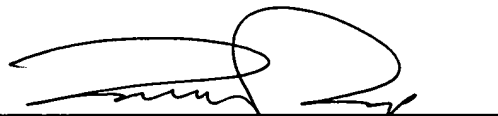
Please grant any extensions of time required to enter this response and charge any additional required fees to our deposit account no. 06-0916.

Respectfully submitted,

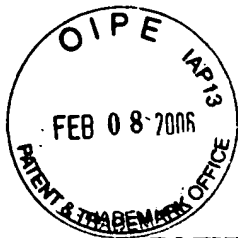
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FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER,  
L.L.P.

Dated: February 8, 2006

By: \_\_\_\_\_



Joseph E. Palys  
Reg. No. 46,508



PATENT  
Customer No. 22,852  
Attorney Docket No. 06502.128.01

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: )  
)  
Gilad BRACHA et al. ) Group Art Unit: 2171  
)  
Serial No.: Continuation of Application Serial ) Examiner: D. Mizrahi  
No. 09/134,477 )  
)  
Filed: Herewith )  
)  
For: METHODS AND APPARATUS FOR )  
TYPE SAFE, LAZY, USER )  
DEFINED CLASS LOADING )

Commissioner for Patents and Trademarks  
Washington, DC 20231

Sir:

**PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT**

Prior to the examination of the above application, please amend this application as follows:

**IN THE SPECIFICATION:**

Please delete the paragraph starting and ending on page 5, line 10.

**IN THE CLAIMS:**

Please cancel claim 1 and add the following new claims:

40. (New) A method for determining a constraint used for ensuring type safe linkage,  
comprising:

creating an entry in a constraint table for a class name;

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creating a first entry in a loaded class cache (LCC) for the class name and a first loading object;

creating a second entry in the LCC for the class name and a second loading object; and

defining the constraint table entry based on the first and second entries in the LCC.

41. (New) The method of claim 40, wherein defining the constraint table entry comprises:

indicating an error based on a determination that a class type associated with the first entry is not compatible with a class type associated with the second entry.

42. (New) The method of claim 40, wherein defining the constraint table entry comprises:

defining a pair of objects for the constraint table entry that includes a set comprising the first and second loading objects and an indication reflecting either a class type associated with the first entry or a class type associated with the second entry.

43. (New) The method of claim 42, wherein the pair of objects is defined based on a determination that the first and second loading objects are not associated with a set of loading objects corresponding to the constraint table entry.

44. (New) The method of claim 40, wherein defining the constraint table entry comprises:

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determining that a first set corresponding to the constraint table entry includes the first loading object and not the second loading object.

45. (New) The method of claim 44, further comprising:

adding the second loading object to the first set; and

defining a pair of objects corresponding to the constraint table entry that includes the first set and either a class type associated with the first entry or a class type associated with the second entry.

46. (New) The method of claim 40, wherein defining the constraint table entry

comprises:

determining that a first set corresponding to the constraint table entry includes the second loading object and not the first loading object.

47. (New) The method of claim 46, further comprising:

adding the first loading object to the first set; and

defining a pair of objects corresponding to the constraint table entry that includes the first set and either a class type associated with the first entry or a class type associated with the second entry.

48. (New) The method of claim 40, wherein defining the constraint table entry

comprises:

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determining that a first set corresponding to the constraint table entry includes the first loading object and a second set corresponding to the constraint table entry includes the second loading object.

49. (New) The method of claim 48, further comprising:  
merging the first set and the second set into a new set; and  
defining a pair of objects corresponding to the constraint table entry that includes the new set and either a class type associated with the first entry or a class type associated with the second entry.

50. (New) A method for providing type safe linkage, comprising:  
providing a cache that maps a class name and loader object to a class type;  
providing a constraint table that maps the class name to one or more pairs of a class type and a set of loader objects; and  
providing type safe linkage during execution of a process based on the cache and constraint table.

51. (New) The method of claim 50, wherein providing a cache comprises:  
creating an entry in the cache that returns a class type equal to the class type included in the one or more pairs based on the class name and loader object.

52. (New) The method of claim 51, wherein creating an entry in the cache comprises:  
creating an entry in the constraint table that is indexed by the class name; and

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setting the class type equal to the class type included in the one or more pairs based on a determination that the loader object is not included in the set of loader objects.

53. (New) The method of claim 51, wherein creating an entry in the cache comprises:  
determining that the loader object is included in the set of loader objects; and  
setting the class type equal to the class type included in the one or more pairs based on a determination whether the class type and the class type included in the one or more pairs are compatible.

54. (New) The method of claim 50, wherein providing type safe linkage during execution of a process comprises:  
determining that the class name is referenced;  
determining, in response to the reference, whether the class was previously loaded by the loader object based on the cache; and  
loading the referenced class name using the loader object and placing an entry for the loaded class name into the cache.

55. (New) The method of claim 52, wherein creating an entry in the constraint table that is indexed by the class name is based on a determination that there is no entry in the constraint table for the class name.

56. (New) The method of claim 53, wherein the class types are compatible when they are the same type or either class type is a null type.

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57. (New) A system for ensuring type safe linkage during execution of a program, comprising:

a memory including instructions reflecting a process for identifying a first class that makes a symbolic reference to an attribute contained in a second class, instructions reflecting a process for imposing a constraint associated with the referenced attribute, and instructions reflecting a process for verifying when the program is executed that the symbolic reference complies with the constraint; and

a processor for executing the instructions included in the memory.

58. (New) The system of claim 57, wherein the constraint requires that a type of the attribute, when loaded by a loader that defines the first class, is the same as the type when loaded by a loader that defines the second class.

59. (New) The system of claim 57, wherein the attribute is a field that is contained in the second class.

60. (New) The system of claim 57, wherein the attribute is a method that is contained in the second class.

61. (New) The system of claim 57, wherein the instructions reflecting a process for verifying is executed by the processor when the attribute is loaded by a loader that defines at least one of the first and second classes.

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62. (New) A system for determining a constraint used for ensuring type safe linkage, comprising:

means for creating an entry in a constraint table for a class name;

means for creating a first entry in a loaded class cache (LCC) for the class name and a first loading object;

means for creating a second entry in the LCC for the class name and a second loading object; and

means for defining the constraint table entry based on the first and second entries in the LCC.

63. (New) The system of claim 62, wherein the means for defining the constraint table entry comprises:

means for indicating an error based on a determination that a class type associated with the first entry is not compatible with a class type associated with the second entry.

64. (New) The system of claim 62, wherein the means for defining the constraint table entry comprises:

means for defining a pair of objects for the constraint table entry that includes a set comprising the first and second loading objects and an indication reflecting either a class type associated with the first entry or a class type associated with the second entry.

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65. (New) The system of claim 64, wherein the pair of objects is defined based on a determination that the first and second loading objects are not associated with a set of loading objects corresponding to the constraint table entry.

66. (New) The system of claim 62, wherein the means for defining the constraint table entry comprises:

means for determining that a first set corresponding to the constraint table entry includes the first loading object and not the second loading object.

67. (New) The system of claim 66, further comprising:

means for adding the second loading object to the first set; and

means for defining a pair of objects corresponding to the constraint table entry that includes the first set and either a class type associated with the first entry or a class type associated with the second entry.

68. (New) The system of claim 62, wherein the means for defining the constraint table entry comprises:

means for determining that a first set corresponding to the constraint table entry includes the second loading object and not the first loading object.

69. (New) The system of claim 68, further comprising:

means for adding the first loading object to the first set; and

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means for defining a pair of objects corresponding to the constraint table entry that includes the first set and either a class type associated with the first entry or a class type associated with the second entry.

70. (New) The system of claim 62, wherein the means for defining the constraint table entry comprises:

means for determining that a first set corresponding to the constraint table entry includes the first loading object and a second set corresponding to the constraint table entry includes the second loading object.

71. (New) The system of claim 70, further comprising:

means for merging the first set and the second set into a new set; and

means for defining a pair of objects corresponding to the constraint table entry that includes the new set and either a class type associated with the first entry or a class type associated with the second entry.

72. (New) A system for providing type safe linkage, comprising:

means for providing a cache that maps a class name and loader object to a class type;

means for providing a constraint table that maps the class name to one or more pairs of a class type and a set of loader objects; and

means for providing type safe linkage during execution of a process based on the cache and constraint table.

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73. (New) The system of claim 72, wherein the means for providing a cache comprises:

means for creating an entry in the cache that returns a class type equal to the class type included in the one or more pairs based on the class name and loader object.

74. (New) The system of claim 73, wherein the means for creating an entry in the cache comprises:

means for creating an entry in the constraint table that is indexed by the class name; and  
means for setting the class type equal to the class type included in the one or more pairs based on a determination that the loader object is not included in the set of loader objects.

75. (New) The system of claim 73, wherein the means for creating an entry in the cache comprises:

means for determining that the loader object is included in the set of loader objects; and  
means for setting the class type equal to the class type included in the one or more pairs based on a determination whether the class type and the class type included in the one or more pairs are compatible.

76. (New) The system of claim 72, wherein the means for providing type safe linkage during execution of a process comprises:

means for determining that the class name is referenced;  
means for determining, in response to the reference, whether the class was previously loaded by the loader object based on the cache; and

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means for loading the referenced class name using the loader object and placing an entry for the loaded class name into the cache.

77. (New) The system of claim 74, wherein the means creating an entry in the constraint table that is indexed by the class name includes means for determining whether there is an entry in the constraint table for the class name.

78. (New) The system of claim 75, wherein the class types are compatible when they are the same type or either class type is a null type.

79. (New) A computer-readable medium including instructions for performing a method, when executed by a processor, for determining a constraint used for ensuring type safe linkage, the method comprising:

creating an entry in a constraint table for a class name;

creating a first entry in a loaded class cache (LCC) for the class name and a first loading object;

creating a second entry in the LCC for the class name and a second loading object; and

defining the constraint table entry based on the first and second entries in the LCC.

80. (New) The computer-readable medium of claim 79, wherein defining the constraint table entry comprises:

indicating an error based on a determination that a class type associated with the first entry is not compatible with a class type associated with the second entry.

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81. (New) The computer-readable medium of claim 79, wherein defining the constraint table entry comprises:

defining a pair of objects for the constraint table entry that includes a set comprising the first and second loading objects and an indication reflecting either a class type associated with the first entry or a class type associated with the second entry.

82. (New) The computer-readable medium of claim 81, wherein the pair of objects is defined based on a determination that the first and second loading objects are not associated with a set of loading objects corresponding to the constraint table entry.

83. (New) The computer-readable medium of claim 79, wherein defining the constraint table entry comprises:

determining that a first set corresponding to the constraint table entry includes the first loading object and not the second loading object.

84. (New) The computer-readable medium of claim 83, further comprising:

adding the second loading object to the first set; and

defining a pair of objects corresponding to the constraint table entry that includes the first set and either a class type associated with the first entry or a class type associated with the second entry.

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85. (New) The computer-readable medium of claim 79, wherein defining the constraint table entry comprises:

determining that a first set corresponding to the constraint table entry includes the second loading object and not the first loading object.

86. (New) The computer-readable medium of claim 85, further comprising:  
adding the first loading object to the first set; and

defining a pair of objects corresponding to the constraint table entry that includes the first set and either a class type associated with the first entry or a class type associated with the second entry.

87. (New) The computer-readable medium of claim 79, wherein defining the constraint table entry comprises:

determining that a first set corresponding to the constraint table entry includes the first loading object and a second set corresponding to the constraint table entry includes the second loading object.

88. (New) The computer-readable medium of claim 87, further comprising:

merging the first set and the second set into a new set; and

defining a pair of objects corresponding to the constraint table entry that includes the new set and either a class type associated with the first entry or a class type associated with the second entry.

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89. (New) A computer-readable medium including instructions for performing a method, when executed by a processor, for providing type safe linkage, the method comprising:

- providing a cache that maps a class name and loader object to a class type;
- providing a constraint table that maps the class name to one or more pairs of a class type and a set of loader objects; and
- providing type safe linkage during execution of a process based on the cache and constraint table.

90. (New) The computer-readable medium of claim 89, wherein providing a cache comprises:

- creating an entry in the cache that returns a class type equal to the class type included in the one or more pairs based on the class name and loader object.

91. (New) The computer-readable medium of claim 90, wherein creating an entry in the cache comprises:

- creating an entry in the constraint table that is indexed by the class name; and
- setting the class type equal to the class type included in the one or more pairs based on a determination that the loader object is not included in the set of loader objects.

92. (New) The computer-readable medium of claim 90, wherein creating an entry in the cache comprises:

- determining that the loader object is included in the set of loader objects; and

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setting the class type equal to the class type included in the one or more pairs based on a determination whether the class type and the class type included in the one or more pairs are compatible.

93. (New) The computer-readable medium of claim 89, wherein providing type safe linkage during execution of a process comprises:

determining that the class name is referenced;

determining, in response to the reference, whether the class was previously loaded by the loader object based on the cache; and

loading the referenced class name using the loader object and placing an entry for the loaded class name into the cache.

94. (New) The computer-readable medium of claim 91, wherein creating an entry in the constraint table that is indexed by the class name is based on a determination that there is no entry in the constraint table for the class name.

95. (New) The computer-readable medium of claim 92, wherein the class types are compatible when they are the same type or either class type is a null type.

#### REMARKS

By this amendment, Applicants have deleted claim 1 and added new claims 40-95 to present various features consistent with certain principles related to the present invention.

Applicants request the consideration and timely allowance of the pending claims

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If there is any fee due in connection with the filing of this Preliminary Amendment,  
please charge the fee to our Deposit Account No. 06-0916.

Respectfully submitted,

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GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.

Dated: February 7, 2002

By: 

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APPENDIX TO AMENDMENT TO SPECIFICATION

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please delete the paragraph starting and ending on page 5, line 10.

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